SAFETY DATA SHEET

Austin's Heritage Primer

Product Code: HT-10403 Signal Word: **DANGER**

Date Prepared: 10/15/2026

SECTION I PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Austin's Heritage Primer

Product Code: HT-10403

DISTRIBUTOR: Austin Enterprises Group
2113 S Division Ave.
Orlando, FL 32805
(407) 725-9311

USE OF SUBSTANCE: Protective coating for multiple substrates

USES ADVISED AGAINST: Do not use in a manner inconsistant than that listed above.

Product Information: heritagesupply.com/product/austins-heritage-primer

Transportation Emergency*: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec

Regulatory Information: (407) 725-9311

*for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, fire, exposure)

SECTION II HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION — OSHA Regulatory Status: This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910 .1200)

GHS RATINGS

Flammable liquid	3	Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F)
Self heating substance	2	Self-heating substance class 2
Skin corrosion/irritation	3	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 1.5 < 2.3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2B	Mild eye irritant: Subcategory 2B, Reversible in 7 days
Skin sensitization	1	Skin sensitizer
Carcinogenicity	2	Limited evidence of human or animal carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure	2	Presumed to be harmful to human health- Animal studies with significant toxic effects relevant to humans at generally moderate exposure (guidance)- Human evidence in exceptional cases
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.

GHS HAZARDS

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H252	Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H320	Causes eye irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

GHS PRECAUTIONS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P233	Keep container tightly closed
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/tools/equipment
P242	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P264	Wash skin, hands thoroughly after handling
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P235+P410	Keep cool. Protect from sunlight
P314	Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
P321	Specific treatment (see FIRST AID on this label)
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing . Rinse skin with water/shower
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P333+P313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use foam/CO2 for extinction
P405	Store locked up
P407	Maintain air gap between stacks/pallets
P420	Store away from other materials
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Signal Word: DANGER

SECTION III COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WEIGHT CONCENTRATION %
Petroleum Naphtha (Medium)	64742-88-7	20.00% - 30.00%
Limestone	1317-65-3	20.00% - 30.00%
Talc	14807-96-6	20.00% - 30.00%
Medium Alkyd Resin - (1)	P15	10.00% - 20.00%
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.00% - 20.00%
Long Oil Alkyd Resin - (1)	P1	1.00% - 5.00%

(1) P CAS # is Proprietary

SECTION IV FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information: If symptoms persist, call a physician. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas /mist/ vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing with mouth-to-mouth resuscitation while using a barrier to prevent exposure. Maintain an open airway. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart. Remove contacts while flushing if present and easy to do. Get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

INGESTION: If conscious, rinse mouth with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. DO NOT induce vomiting. Vomiting could be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Product can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so vomit does not enter lungs. Maintain an open airway. Call poison control or get medical attention immediately.

Protection for first responders: Use personal protective equipment as required, vapor respirator, gloves and mask. No action shall be taken with personal risk or without suitable training.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION V FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 41 C (106 F) **LEL:** 1.0% **UEL:** 6.0% **Flammability:** Flammable liquid and vapour

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use foam, CO2, or dry chemical for extinction. Use of water spray may be inefficient.

Fire Fighting Procedure: Firefighters should wear NFPA compliant structural firefighting protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, helmut, hood, boots, and gloves. Avoid contact with product. Decontaminate equipment and protective clothing prior to reuse.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. This product is FLAMMABLE and its vapors EXPLOSIVE. Vapors are heavier than air and my travel along the ground, or may be moved by

ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, otherflames, sparks, heaters, smoking, or electrical motors and light switches. Cellular phones can also be a source of ignition.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide

FIRE FIGHTING: Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent a build up of pressure and possible auto-ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

FIRE EQUIPMENT: Wear full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting fires.

SECTION VI ACCIDENTAL RELEASE

GENERAL SPILL PROCEDURES: REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION (flames, hot surfaces, sparks, smoking). Ventilate the area. Dike around spill and absorb liquids with absorbant. Stop spill from entering drains, sewers, streams, or waterways. Area could be slippery. Use non-sparking tools to avoid fires. Wear resistant clothing while in affected area. Use non-sparking shovel for dried absorbant or wet vacuum to remove spill to appropriate labeled containers.

Non-Emergency Personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary or unprotected personnel from entering area. Do not touch spill. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on resistant clothing while in area. Use appropriate PPE.

Emergency Responders: See above. See Section VIII for suitable PPE.

Environmental Precautions: Stop spill from entering drains, sewers, streams, or waterways. Inform relevent authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air)

SMALL SPILLS: STOP leak if without risk. Remove all sources of ignition. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Mop up area and place in a similar container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Have a fire extinguisher in the area.

LARGE SPILLS: STOP leak if without risk. Remove all sources of ignition. Move containers from spill area. Dike around spill to prevent spill from entering sewers, waterways, or confined areas. Absorb spill with absorbant material and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of material via licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbant may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. See Section I for emergency contact information. Have a fire extinguisher in the area.

SECTION VII HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice for safe handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate protective equipment. Do not take internally and avoid skin and eye contact. Prevent repeated or prolonged breathing of vapor or spray mist. Follow label precautions. KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN! Keep in original container. Do not reuse container - residue can be hazardous. Do not smoke or use material around open flames. Use in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion, control the accumulation of overspray. Soak rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container. Air dry any filters outside away from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers. Dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly by consulting OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and by your federal, state and local laws.

Storage Conditions: Do not store above 120°F, near heat, or open flame. Do not smoke in area! Keep containers tightly closed, and upright to prevent leakage, in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Product containers should be grounded and bonded when pouring. Open slowly to relieve pressure. Do not weld or cut a container, even if empty,

as fumes and residues could still be present. KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Do not store unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment measures.

Regulatory Requirements: Before working on or in tanks, which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other government and industrial references pertaining to maintenance operations.

SECTION VIII EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

CHEMICAL NAME / CAS NO.	OSHA EXPOSURE LIMITS	ACGIH EXPOSURE LIMITS	OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS
Petroleum Naphtha (Medium) 64742-88-7	PEL 100 ppm	TLV 100 ppm	Not Established
Limestone 1317-65-3	PEL TWA 5mg/M^3 Respirable PEL TWA 15mg/M^3 Total	Not Established	NIOSH REL TWA 5mg/M^3 Resp REL TWA 15mg/M^3 Total
Talc 14807-96-6	2mg/M^3/8Hr	2mg/M^3/8Hr	Not Established
Medium Alkyd Resin P15	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7	PEL 15 mg/m^3 TWA Total Dust	TLV 10 mg/m^3 TWA	Not Established
Long Oil Alkyd Resin P1	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Ventilation Systems, Showers, Eye Wash Stations

VENTILATION: Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section VIII is maintained below applicable limits. Heavy vapors should be removed from all lower work areas. Refer to OSHA 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

Precautions to be taken in use: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using the wash room. Do not consume food or beverages where this product is handled. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wear personal protective equipment and have sufficient ventilation available.

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, espicially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in U.S.) or contact your local health authority.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Respiratory Protection: If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in section VIII. This paint may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates which may present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading the dried film. When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist

respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product. If no specific dusts are listed in Section VIII, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/M^3(total dust), 3 mg/M^3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m^3 (total dust), 5 mg/m^3 (respirable fraction).

Protective Gloves: Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn if skin contact is likely. Use Neoprene or Rubber gloves to prevent skin contact.

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety eyewear including side shields, face shields, or chemical splash goggles (ANSI-87.1, or approved equivalent).

Skin and Body Protection: Use disposable or impervious clothing if work clothing contamination is likely. Use protective cream if skin contact is likely. Wear appropriate footwear for the task being performed.

Contaminated Clothing: Launder contaminated clothing before re-use or dispose of following applicable local, state and federal laws.

SECTION IX PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information provided were conducted at standard temperature and pressure unless noted.

Density:	11.91	**Specific Gravity:**	1.430
Appearance:	White	**Odor:**	Aliphatic
pH:	No Data Available	**Odor Threshold:**	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure:	No Data Available	**Melting Point:**	No Data Available
Boiling Range:	193 - 197°C	**% Volume Solids:**	57.80
Solubility in Water:	Not Miscible	**Flash Point:**	41°C, 106°F
Flammability:	Flammable	**Explosive Limits:**	1% - 6%
Partition Coefficient:	No Data Available	**Autoignition Temperature:**	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature:	No Data Available	**Viscosity:**	No Data Available
Coating VOC Lbs/Gal:	2.76	**Coating VOC g/l:**	331.2
Material VOC Lbs/Gal:	2.76	**Material VOC g/l:**	331.2

SECTION X STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: STABLE

Components of this mixture are incompatible with the following: Strong Acids, Strong Bases

This mixture is likely to exhibit the following combustion products: No Data Available

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION XI TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

OVEREXPOSURE

Eye: Adverse symptoms may include: Pain or Irritation, Watering

INHALATION: Adverse symptoms may include: Respiratory tract irritation, nausea or vomiting, dizziness or vertigo

SKIN: Adverse symptoms may include: Irritation, Redness, drying of skin

INGESTION: Adverse symptoms may include: Nausea or vomiting, reduced fetal weight, Increase in fetal deaths.

Mixture Toxicity — Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 113mg/L

Component Toxicity — 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide: Inhalation LC50: 7 mg/L (Rat)

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs: Lungs, GI Tract, Respiratory System

Carcinogenicity: The following chemicals comprise 0.1% by weight or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NTP, IARC, and OSHA.

CAS NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	% WEIGHT
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	10% - 20%

ACUTE TOXICITY — EYE: Causes serious eye irritation

INHALATION: Can cause central nervous system(CNS) depression, May cause drowsiness or dizziness, May cause respiratory irritation.

SKIN: Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.

INGESTION: Can cause central nervous system(CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Mutagenicity: No information available.

Reproductive Toxicity: No information available.

Skin Sensitization: Sensitizing; May cause allergic skin Reaction

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure: No Information Available

Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure: May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure of sanding dust/spray mist/vapor. May cause damage to spleen and blood abnormalities.

Chronic Health Effects: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Permanent brain and central nervous system damage can occur by repeated and prolonged overexposure (i.e. Painter's Syndrome).

CHRONIC TOXICITY: Titanium Dioxide is classified as a Group 2B carcinogen by IARC. This listing is based on inadequate information in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. In addition, IARC summery concludes, "No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium is bound to other materials such as paint".

SECTION XII ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Ecotoxicity: No Data Available

SECTION XIII DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Elements: DANGER! Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding, overspray residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Disposal of Wastes: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jusisdiction.

Contaminated Packaging: Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasable. Do not resue container. This material and container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

SECTION XIV TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This material is classified for transport as follows:

AGENCY	PROPER SHIPPING NAME	UN NUMBER	PACKING GROUP	HAZARD CLASS
DOT	PAINT	1263	III	3

SECTION XV REGULATORY INFORMATION

FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA 5(a)2 Final Significant New Use Rule: No Data Available

TSCA 8(b) Inventory: All chemicals are listed as ACTIVE except those listed below: No Data Available

CERCLA Information (40 CFR 302.4): No Data Available

Clean Air Act Title I Section 112 HAPS: No Data Available

SARA Title III Section 313 Information (40 CFR 372): No Data Available

SARA Title III Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 370):

64742-88-7	Petroleum Naphtha (Medium)	CHRONIC, FIRE
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	CHRONIC
P1	Long Oil Alkyd Resin	FIRE

CARCINOGEN: 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide 10 - 20%

STATE REGULATIONS

MA RTK	NJ RTK	PA RTK
1317-65-3 Limestone	1317-65-3 Limestone	1317-65-3 Limestone
14807-96-6 Talc	14807-96-6 Talc	14807-96-6 Talc
13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethyl Benzene, Carbon Black, Titanium Dioxide, Quartz, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION XVI OTHER INFORMATION

ABBREVIATIONS

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

DOT: Department of Transportation

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

VOC: Volitile Organic Compound

TLV: Time Limited Value

ppm: Parts per Million

SE: Single Exposure

RE: Repeated Exposure

RTK: Right to Know

HMIS & NFPA HAZARD RATING

HMIS	
Health	*2
Flammability	2
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	G

NFPA	
Health	2
Flammability	2
Instability	0
Special	–

Legend

* = Chronic Health Hazard

0 = INSIGNIFICANT

1 = SLIGHT

2 = MODERATE

3 = HIGH

The information contained above is for the product currently formulated using the information available at this time. Addition of any substance to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of this product. Although the information contained herein is believed to be reliable, and since conditions of use are out of our control, there is no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of the need that the information is current, and applicable to their circumstances. The end user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all local, county, state, and federal laws. The end user is responsible to determine the safe use of this product and should not use this product for any purpose other than for which the product is intended. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons or for any damages to any property resulting from the misuse of the product.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

DATE PREPARED: 10/15/2026